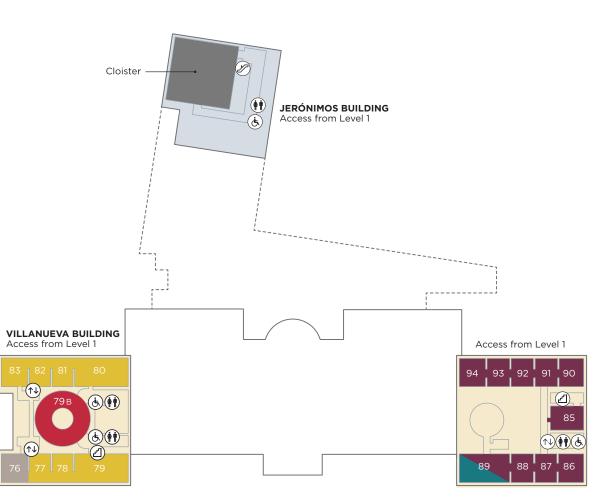


ด Audio Guide Adapted Toilets



Dutch Painting 1600 - 1695 Spanish Painting 1700 – 1800 German Painting 1750 – 1800

JERÓNIMOS BUILDING 🕀 Lift SCULPTURE Escalator LEONI (CLOISTER) (2) Stairs 🕪 Toilets VILLANUEVA BUILDING Adapted Toilets PAINTINGS 1700-1800 AND DECORATIVE ARTS RUBENS (78-79, 83) REMBRANDT (76) JAN BRUEGHEL (83) GOYA (85-87, 90-92, 94) MENGS (89) TREASURE OF THE DAUPHIN (79B)



### INFORMATION

#### MUSEUM OPENING HOURS

Monday to Saturday: 10am - 8pm Sundays and public holidays: 10am - 7pm 6 January, 24 and 31 December: 10am-2pm (Last admission 30 minutes before closing time. Visitors must leave the galleries 10 minutes before they close).

### CLOSED

1 January, 1 May, and 25 December in the National carbon footstep,

## CAFE

Monday to Saturday: 10am - 7.30pm Sundays and public holidays: 10am-6.30pm 6 January, 24 and 31 December: 10am-1.30pm

# MUSEO NACIONAL DEL PRADO

Paseo del Prado s/n. 28014 Madrid info@museodelprado.es www.museodelprado.es Information and ticketing +34 902 10 70 77

# HOW TO GET HERE

Underground Banco de España and Atocha Stations Buses Routes 9, 10, 14, 19, 27, 34, 37 y 45 Trains Atocha Station

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The information included in this

apologize for any inconvenience

As an environmentally committed

museum, the Prado is developing

a complete new lighting system

LED technology and with the

Iberdrola España. It is the first

carbon offsetting and carbon

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AVOID QUEUING

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YOUR TICKET

ON-LINE

www.museodelprado.es

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dioxide absorption projects

Spanish museum to be included

(Lighting the Prado) using

sponsorship of Fundación

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CCTV recording is controlled by the Prado Museum, Law 15/1999 on data protection



BENEFACTOR OF THE PROGRAMME ISITOR ATTENTION

IUSEO

PRADO

#### PERMANENT COLLECTION

SPANISH PAINTING 1100-1910 Arranged in chronological order, the Prado's Spanish painting collection ranges from 12th-century Romanesque murals to Sorolla's work from the early 20th century. Medieval, Renaissance and 19th-century paintings are displayed on the ground floor. The main floor holds works by El Greco, Ribera, Murillo, Velázquez and other Spanish Golden Age masters. This section culminates in the Goya collection, divided between the ground floor, first floor and south wing of the second floor.

## FLEMISH PAINTING 1430-1700

Between the 15th and 17th centuries, the territory of modernday Belgium was an epicentre of pictorial production in Europe, rivalled only by Italy. The art created in that region is known as Flemish painting. The 15th and 16th-century collections— Wevden, Bosch, Patinir, Pieter Bruegel, etc.—are located on the ground floor, while the main and second floors house 17th-century Flemish painting, represented by Jan Brueghel, Rubens, Van Dyck, Jordaens and others.

## **ITALIAN PAINTING 1300-1800**

The Italian painting section extends from the early Renaissance—Fra Angelico, Botticelli–to the 18th century-Tiepolo. Masterpieces by Raphael are among the highlights of the ground floor. The creations of the Venetian school—Titian. Tintoretto, Veronese and Bassanoconstitute one of the Prado's most compact collections. Works by Caravaggio and Gentileschi are also displayed on the main floor.

#### GERMAN PAINTING 1450-1800

Few in number but exceptional in guality, the works in the German painting collection range from the 16th to the 18th century. An entire room on the ground floor is given over to masterpieces by Albrecht Dürer, Lucas Cranach and Baldung Grien, while pictures by the neoclassical painter Anton Raphael Mengs are shown on the first and second floors.

Information regarding Temporary Exhibitions at the Information Desk.

from the Museum's retail outlets, and in the Audio Guide Services

You can find the guided tour for these masterpieces in the Visitor's Guide book, available

DUTCH PAINTING 1579-1800 The Prado owns an important Rembrandt painting, as well as representative works by some of the leading painters of the Dutch school: Wtewael, De Bray, Stom, Metsu, Pieter Claesz, Willem Claesz.

Heda, Both, Wouwerman, etc.

#### SCULPTURE

Nearly two hundred and fifty sculptures grace the halls of the Prado: over one hundred classical sculptures, close to a dozen regal Renaissance portraits created by the Leoni family, and two carvings attributed to El Greco. Additionally the Museum boasts a small set of bronzes that Velázquez brought back from his second trip to Italy and a considerable number of 19th-century sculptures, including several outstanding examples of the neoclassical style.

## FRENCH PAINTING 1600-1800

Spanish-French relations in the 17th century and the acquisitions made by monarchs like Philip IV and Philip V laid the foundations of the Prado's French painting collection, represented on the main floor by the work of Poussin and Claude l orrain

#### DRAWINGS AND PRINTS

The Museum houses nearly four thousand drawings. Particularly noteworthy is the collection of five hundred prints by Goya, the biggest in the world. Drawings and prints from the Prado's collection are shown periodically in the museum's exhibitions.

#### DECORATIVE ARTS

The 'Dauphin's Treasure', a collection of carved hardstone and rock crystal objects that belonged to Louis, Grand Dauphin of France and son of Louis XIV, and was inherited by his son, King Philip V of Spain, is exhibited in the north wing of the second floor. Additionally, *pietre dure* tables and consoles made in Florence and Madrid between the 16th and 18th centuries, glazed ceramic wares and other decorative items are distributed throughout various rooms

# MASTERPIECES



Room 56B FRA ANGELICO The Annunciation



Room 51A BERMEJO Saint Dominic of Silos enthroned as a Bishop



Room 56A BOSCH Table of the Seven Deadly Sins



Room 55A BRUEGEL The Triumph of Death



Room 49 RAPHAEL The Cardinal

Room 27

at Mühlberg

Emperor Charles V

TITIAN

Room 49 RAPHAEL Madonna of the fish

Room 44

Danäe and the

Shower of Gold

TITIAN



Room 25 TINTORETTO Christ Washing

the Disciples' Feet



Room 56B ANTONELLO DA MESSINA The Dead Christ Supported by an Angel



Room 58A HANS MEMLING Triptych of the Adoration of the Magi



Room 55A PATINIR Crossing the Styx



Room 55B DÜRER Adam and Eve



Room 42 TITIAN Bacchanal of the Adrians



Room 15A VELÁZQUEZ The Fable of Arachne



POUSSSIN

Parnassus







Vessels



of Breda





Room 56B

MANTEGNA

of the Virgin

The Dormition

Room 58









Room 55B

Self Portrait

DÜRER

#### MASTERPIECES



VERONESE Venus and Adonis

Room 8B

EL GRECO

The Holy Trinity



Room 7A EL GRECO MAINO Nobleman with his The Adoration Hand on his Chest of the Magi











The Spinners, or



Buffon with books

Room 10A ZURBARÁN

The Apparition of

Peter Nolasco

On loan VELÁZQUEZ

Saint Peter to Saint

Room 16 MURILLO The Patrician's Dream



MURILLO The Immaculate Conception

Bacchus

Room 12

VELÁZQUEZ

Las Meninas

#### MASTERPIECES



Room 83 JAN BRUEGHEL AND RUBENS The Five Senses: Sight



VAN DYCK Self Portrait with Sir Endymion Porter



Room 19 TIEPOLO The Immaculate Conception



Room 32 GOYA The Family of Charles IV



Queen Isabella the Catholic dictating her Will



Orestes and Pylades, or San Ildefonso Group



Room 29 RUBENS The Garden of Love



Room 76 REMBRANDT Judith at the banguet of Holofernes



Room 85 GOYA The Threshing Ground, or Summer



Room 64-65 GOYA The 3rd of May 1808 in Madrid, or 'The Executions'



Room 61A GISBERT The Execution of Torrijos and his Companions



Room 1 LEONE AND POMPEO LEONI Emperor Charles V and the Fury



The Three

Graces

Room 89 MENGS The Adoration of the Shepherds



Room 36 GOYA The Naked Maia



Room 67 GOYA Saturn



Room 60A SOROLLA Boys on the Beach



ANONYMOUS Cup with a gold mermaid

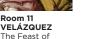








Doom 11 VELÁZQUEZ











Room 71 ANONYMOUS





Room 10B

EL GRECO

Room 6

The Adoration

of the Shepherds





